



4C George Mason University
Center for Climate Change Communication

RISKY BUSINESS

*Engaging the Public in Policy Discourse
on Sea-Level Rise and Inundation*

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Center for Climate Change Communication, George Mason University

Hampton Roads Sea Level Rise/Flooding Adaptation Forum
Old Dominion University's Regional Higher Education Center
Virginia Beach, VA | July 10, 2013

FUTURE COAST

Anne Arundel

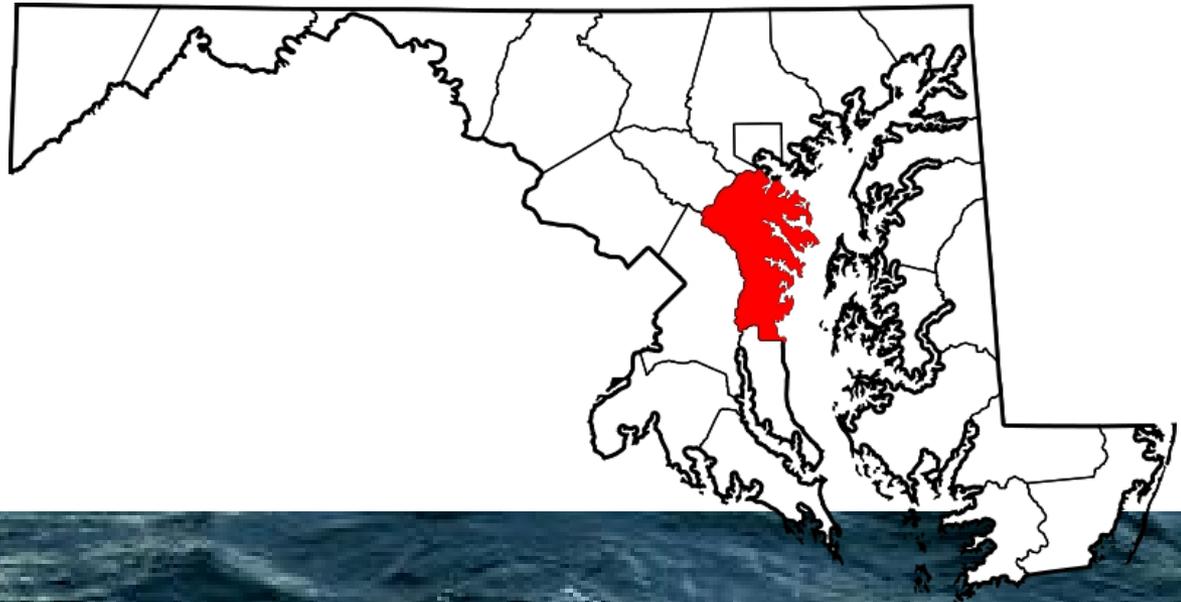


erative model for public engagement, including a viewer providing the public with household-level sea-level rise impacts data

- 2) Determine usefulness and replicability of engagement model for other communities, especially in ability to counteract cultural polarization

Project Goals

- 1) Deliberative community event in Anne Arundel County, Maryland in spring 2012
- 2) Surveys: pre- and post-event of county and event attendees
- 3) Creation of sea-level rise viewer with household-level risk information and website with community event materials



Project Team



Funder



- **Karen Akerlof, PhD, George Mason University**
- **Todd La Porte, PhD, George Mason University**
- **Katherine Rowan, PhD, George Mason University**
- **Brian K. Batten, PhD, Dewberry**
- **Mohan Rajasekar, MS, Dewberry**
- **Howard Ernst, PhD, U.S. Naval Academy**
- **Dan Nataf, Center for the Study of Local Issues,
Anne Arundel Community College**
- **Dana Dolan, MS, George Mason University**

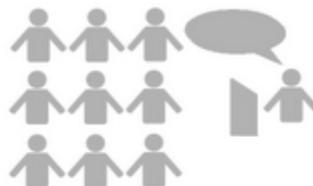
Difficulties for individuals in detecting – and supporting policy action on – sea-level rise risks

- 1) Slowly “creeping” problem
- 2) Not always considered immediate concern
- 3) Risk information frequently not available at household level
- 4) Attitudes influenced by cultural perspectives

FUTURE COAST



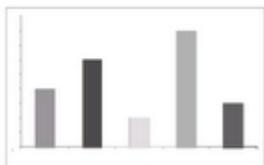
**Visualize Sea-Level
Rise Impacts**



Hear from Experts



Read the Reports



**Take the Surveys,
Compare your Results
to Others**



Host a Discussion



**Citizens' Discussion
April 28th**

Project reports ...

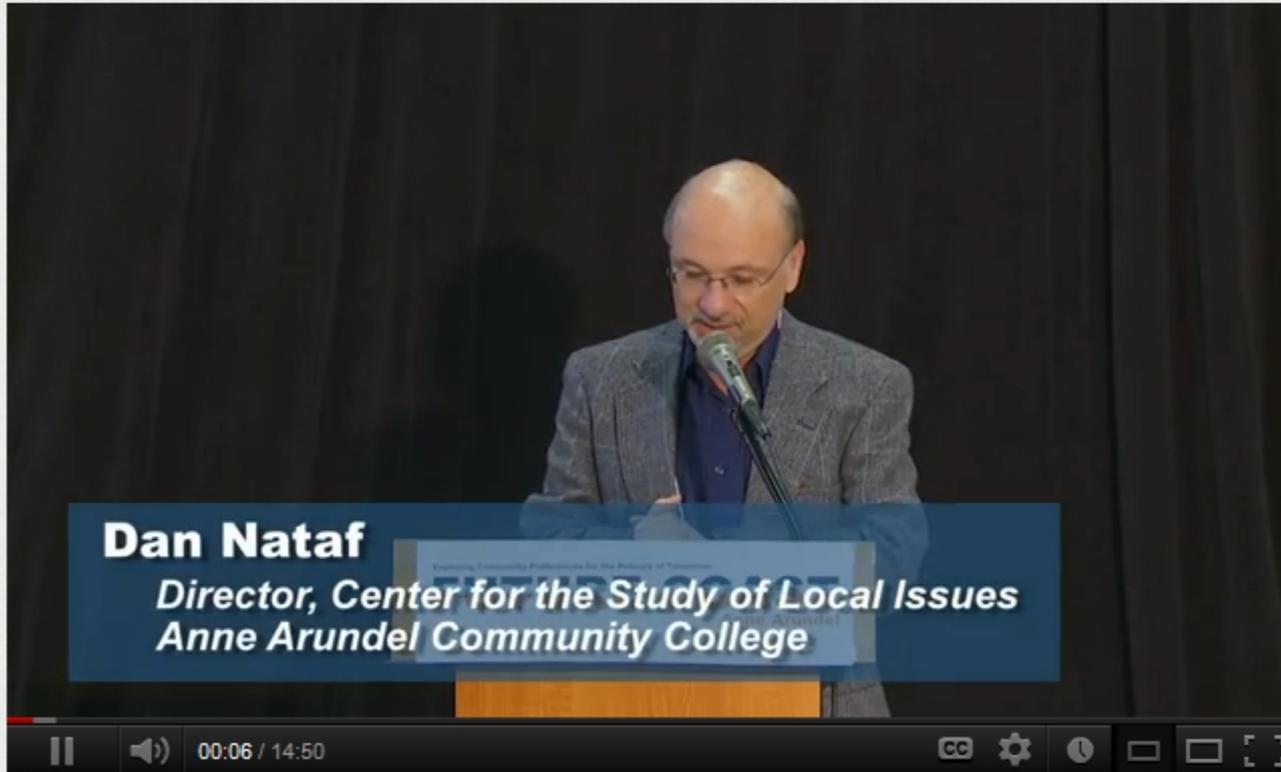
- **Survey report** -- Public Opinion and Policy Preferences on Coastal Flooding and Sea-Level Rise, Anne Arundel County, MD August 2012
- **Issue book** -- What Should Communities Do -- or Not Do -- about Coastal Flooding and Sea Level Rise?
- **Discussion guides** -- A Roadmap to Small Group Discussions of Sea-Level Rise and Coastal Flooding
- **Replicability report** -- Findings, Lessons Learned, and Replicability of a Model for Sea-Level Rise Public Engagement
- **Risk Analysis** (Dewberry)

Future Coast - Other Policies-YouTube.mov

FutureCoast

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Dan Nataf
Director, Center for the Study of Local Issues
Anne Arundel Community College

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by FutureCoast
8 views

Suggestions



Watch Blue Ep
by wigs
272,395 views

FUTURE COAST

Search this site



Step 1: Find a Location

Search by Street Address or Use the Map to Find a Location:

Search Address Clear Address

Address for Point of Interest (Approximate):
1456 Cedarhurst Rd, Shady Side, MD 20764, USA

Step 2: Choose a Scenario and Year

Choose Scenario (Find out more):

- Historic Trend
- Low Acceleration
- Moderate Acceleration

Choose Year:

- 2012
- 2025
- 2050
- 2075
- 2100

Step 3: View Summary of Estimated Impacts

Building Neighborhood County

Neighborhood Level Summary

Map | Satellite

Map data ©2012 Google - Terms of Use Report a map error



Visualize Sea-Level Rise Impacts



Take the Surveys, Compare your Results to Others



Host a Discussion



Citizens' Discussion April 28th

Pinpoint a location on a map

Search Address Clear Address

Address for Point of Interest (Approximate):
80 Compromise Street, Annapolis, MD 21401, USA

Step 2: Choose a Scenario and Year ?

Choose Scenario (Find out more):

- Historic Trend
- Low Acceleration
- Moderate Acceleration

Choose Year:

- 2012
- 2025
- 2050
- 2075
- 2100

Map data ©2013 Google - [Terms of Use](#) Report a map error

Legend:

- Address Search Result
- Permanent Inundation
- 1 % Chance Floodplain
- Low Composite Risk Exposure
- Medium Composite Risk Exposure
- High Composite Risk Exposure
- Impacted Neighborhoods
- Selected Feature(s)

... and get risk information for that building

Building

Neighborhood

County

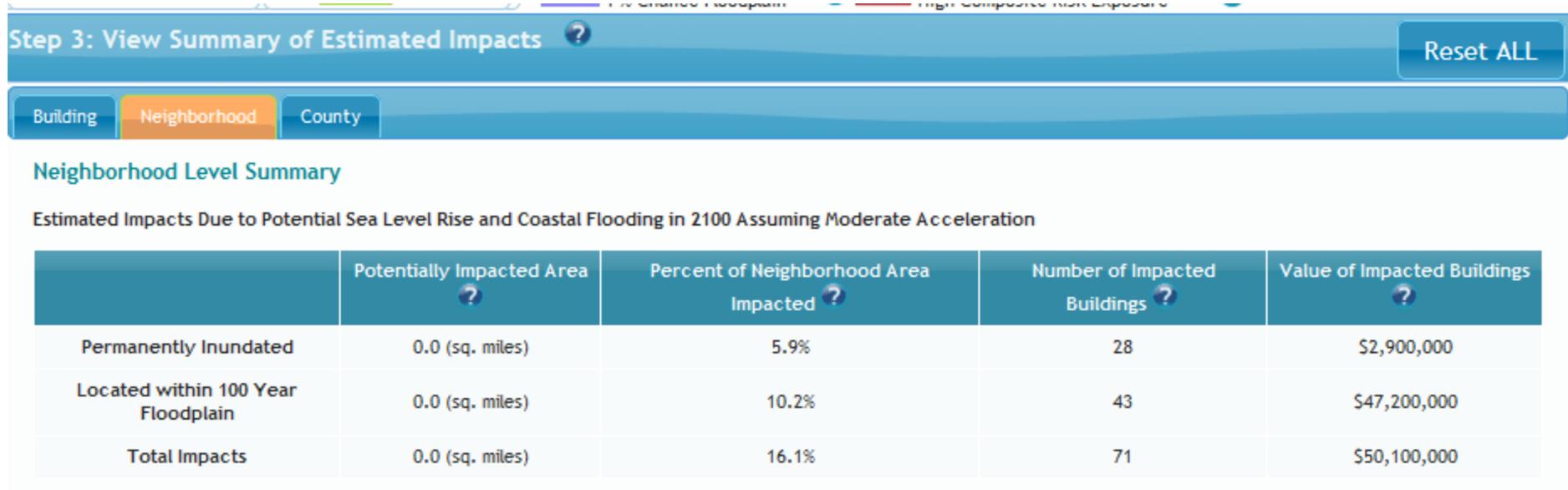
Building Summary

Composite Risk Analysis Category:

High

Year	Exposed to 1% Annual Chance Floodplain? [?]	Expected Damage During 1% Annual Chance Flood [?]	Percent Chance of Coastal Flooding in a 30-Year Period [?]	Permanent Inundation at this Sea Level Rise Scenario? [?]
2012	YES	Severe	96%	NO
2025	YES	Severe	96%	YES
2050	YES	Severe	96%	YES
2075	YES	Severe	96%	YES

... and the surrounding neighborhood

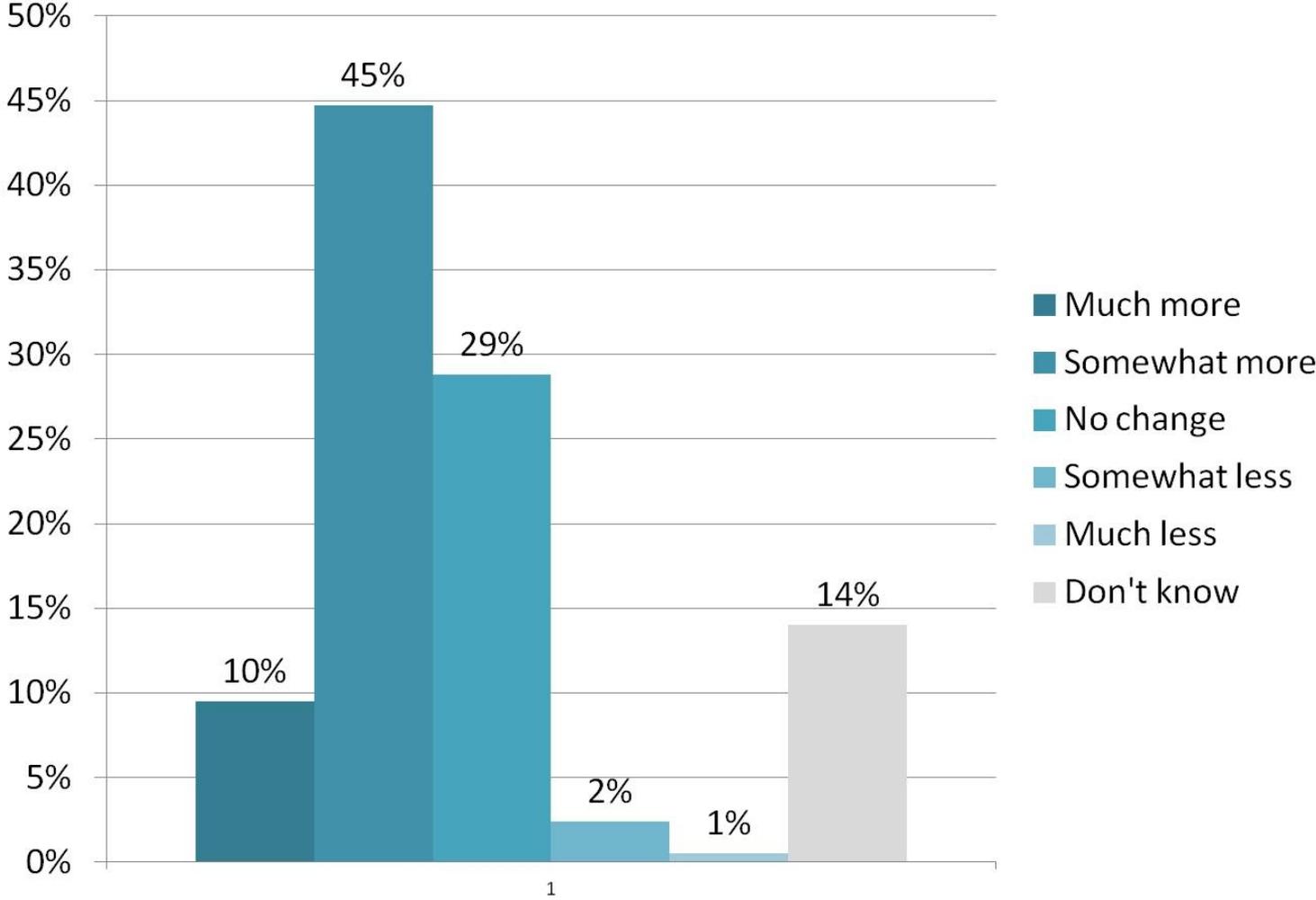


including economic damage estimates



Good News

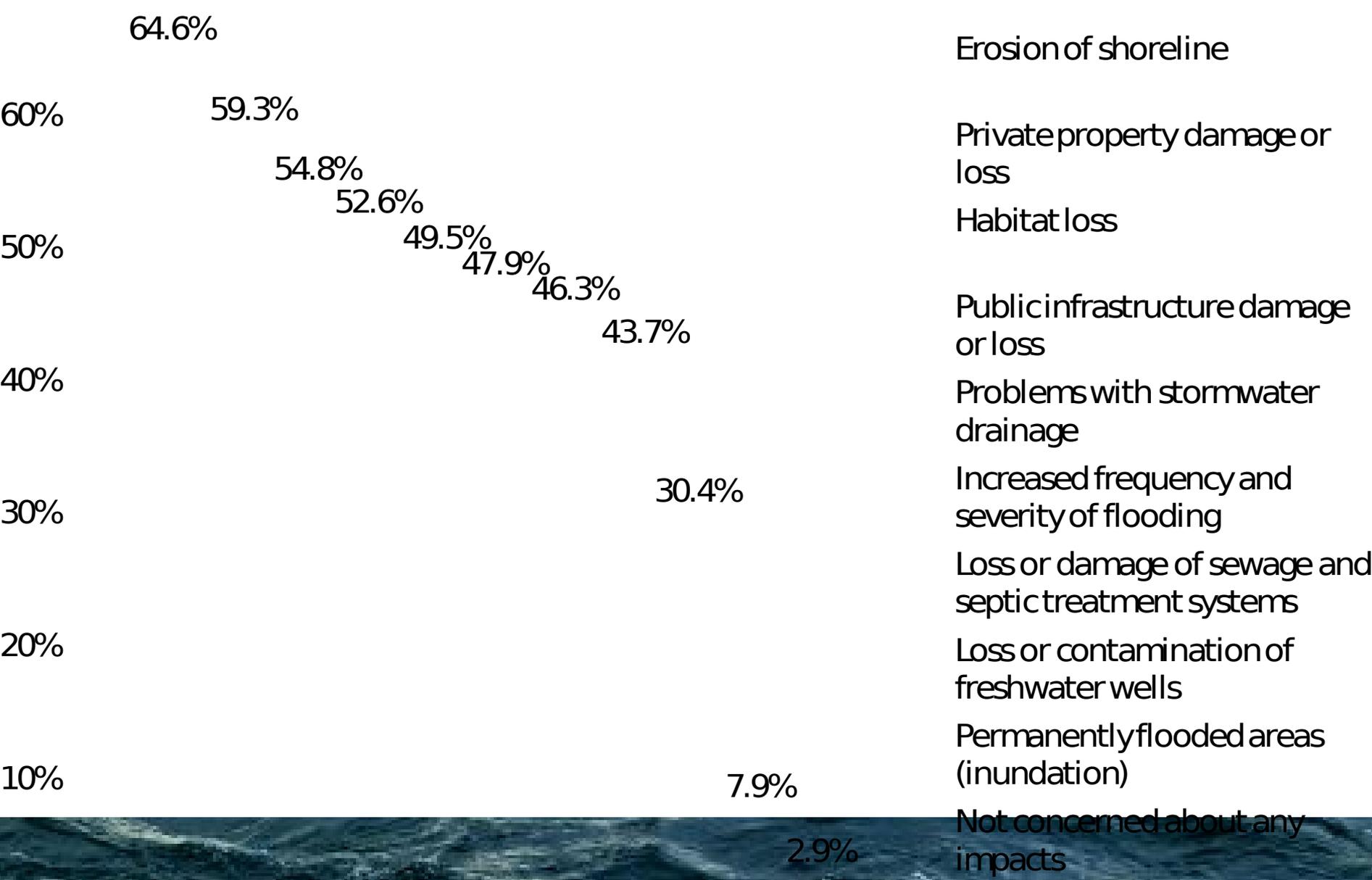
In your opinion, has coastal flooding become more or less of a problem in the county in recent years? *n*=376



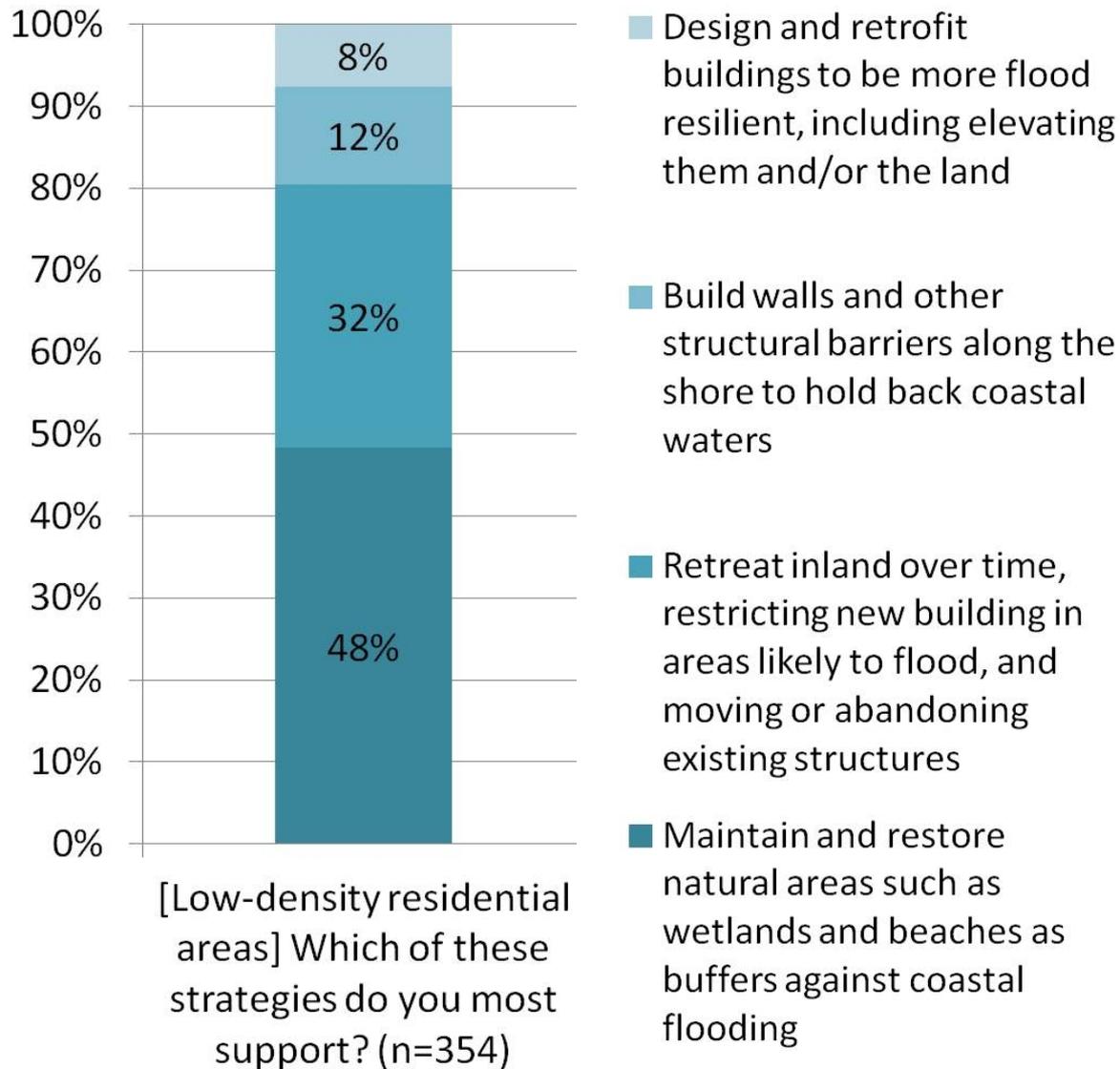
Problem recognition

Which impacts from sea-level rise, if any, are you most concerned about within the county? n=378

Multiple responses accepted

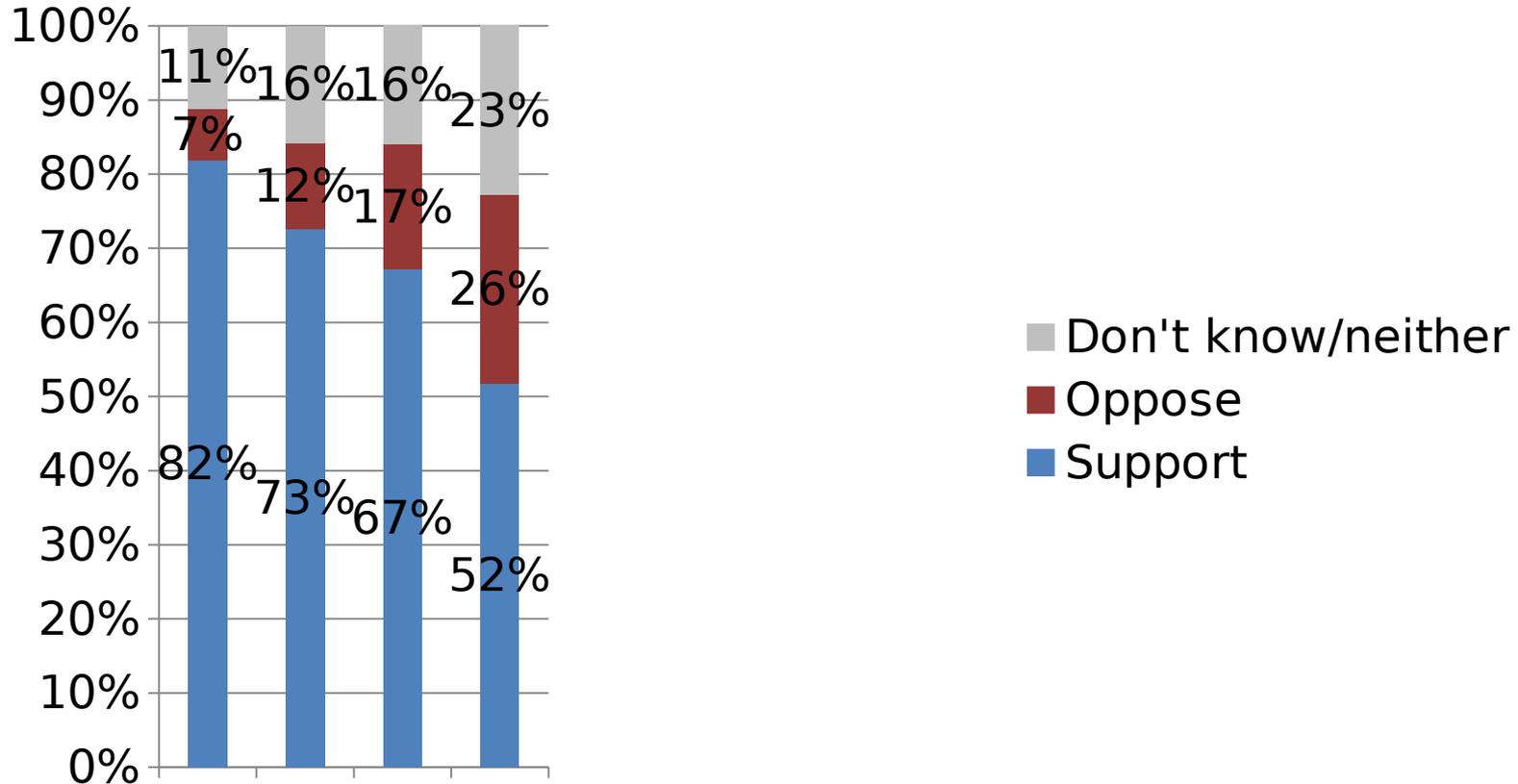


Policy preferences for built areas



Support for natural buffers over structural barriers

Local governments have different types of policy tools they can use. How much do you support or oppose their use of these types to limit the impacts of coastal flooding due to sea-level rise?



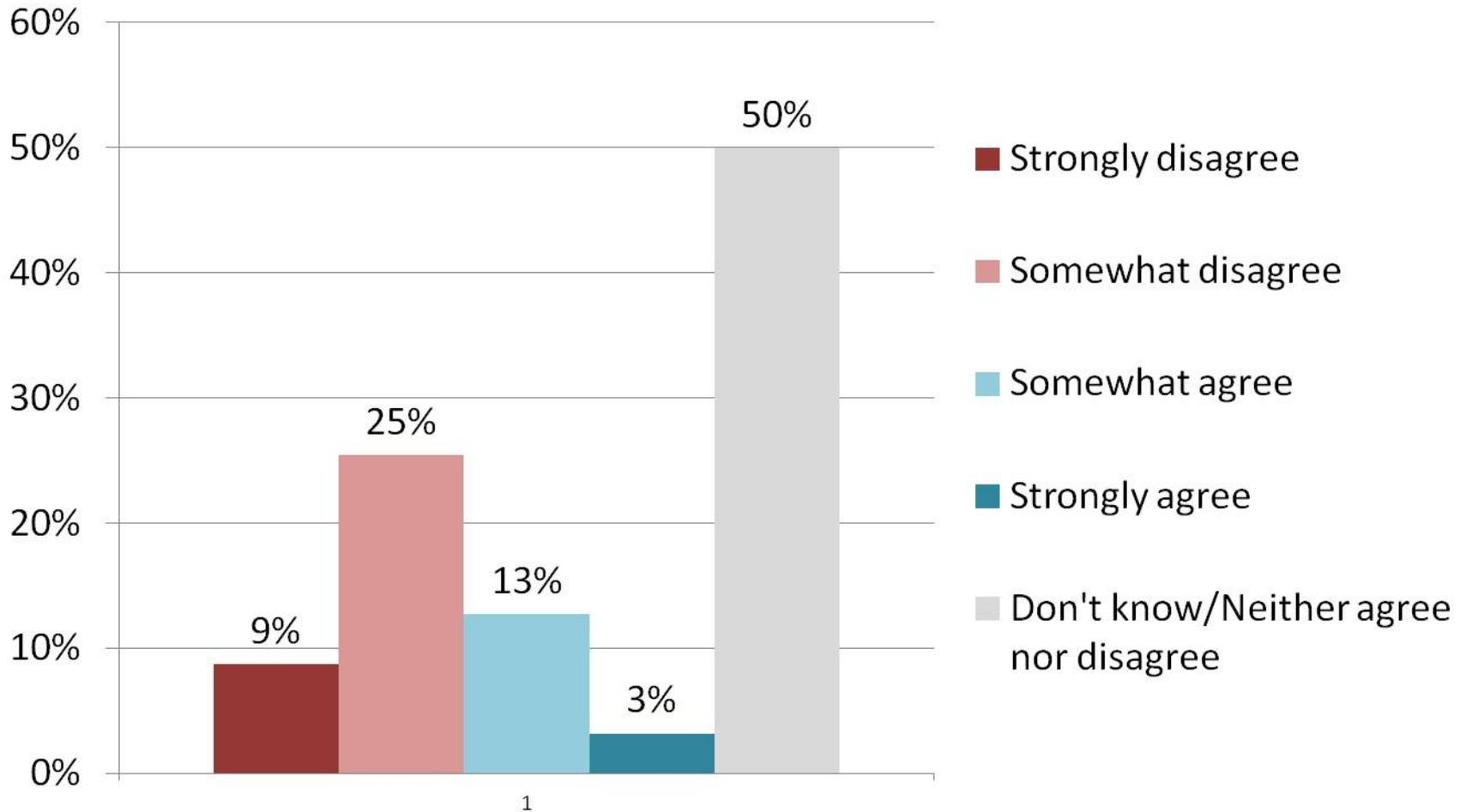
planning that takes sea-level rise into account (n=375)

Majority support for multiple types of policy mechanisms, including government spending



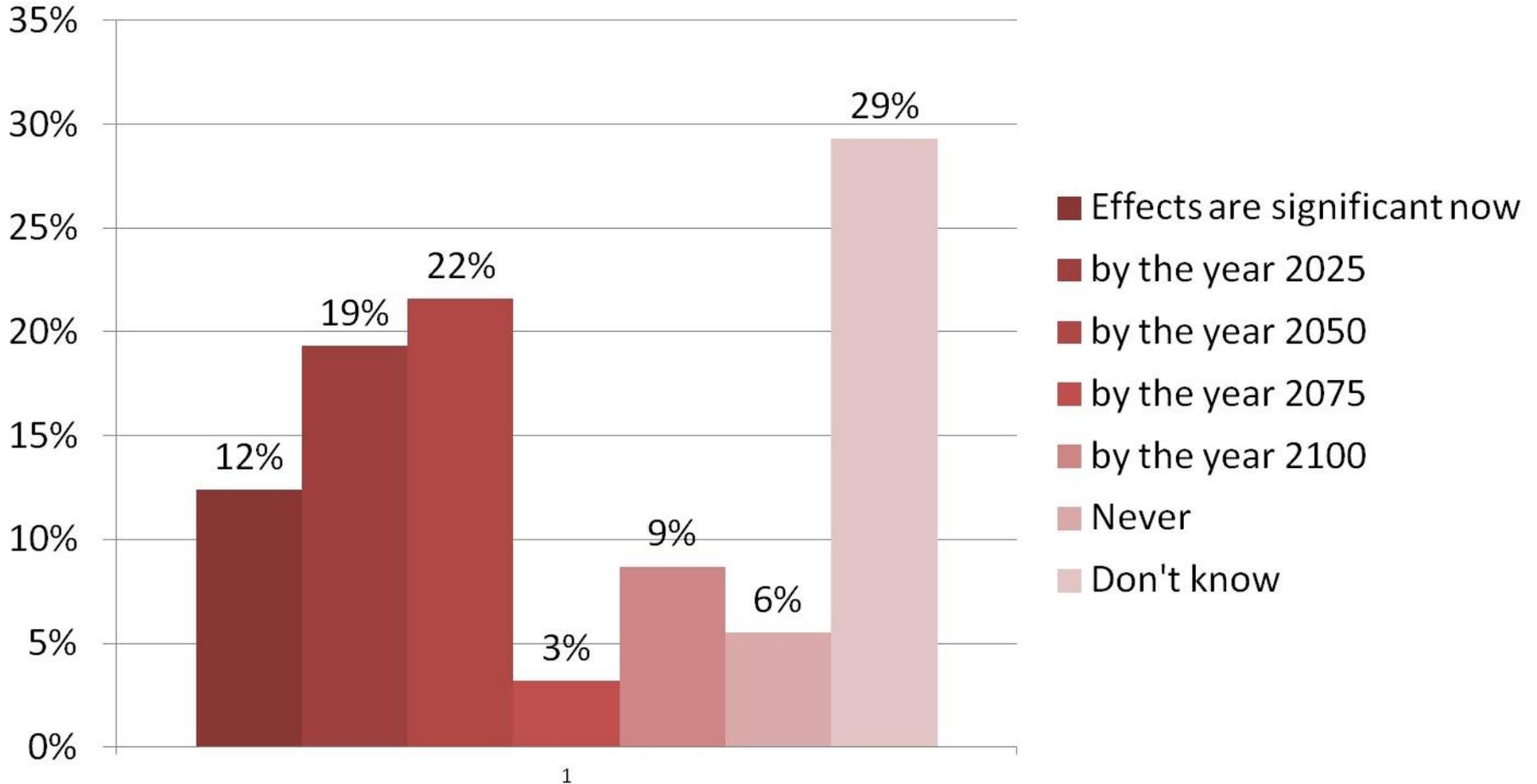
Bad News

Would you agree or disagree that your local government's policies are adequate for addressing coastal flooding over the long term (e.g., over a decade or more)? *n*=376



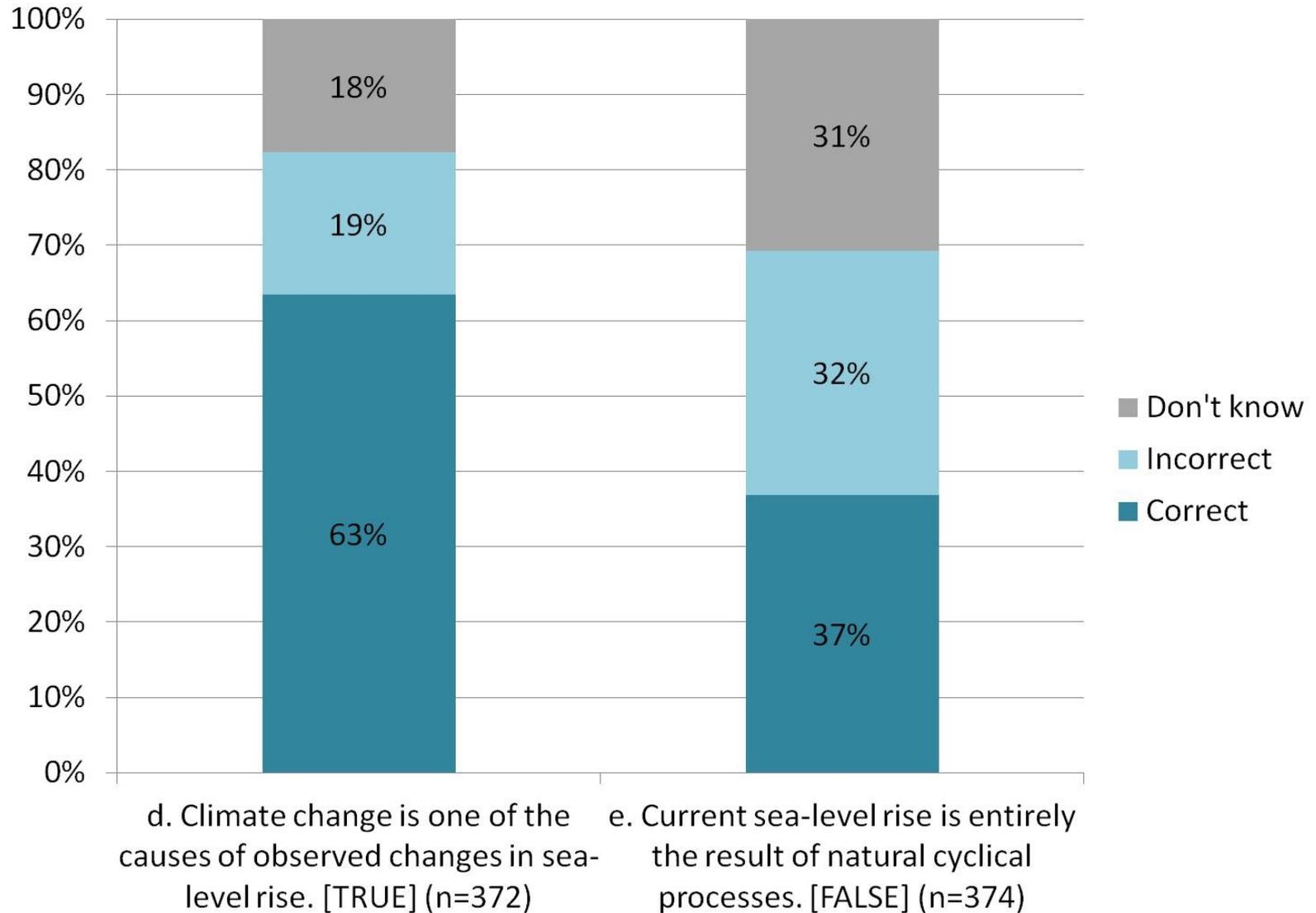
Uncertainty about whether policies are adequate

When do you believe the effects of sea-level rise will significantly impact the county, if ever? *n*=377



Uncertainty about timing of impacts

Knowledge about Sea-Level Rise



Majority think SLR caused by climate change, but almost half of those think it is also “natural”



The opposing tribes

GRID

Hierarchical individualists

- *Individuals should be free from societal constraints to pursue their own interests*
- *Some people in society should have more power than others due to status*

Hierarchist

Hierarchical Communitarianism

Communitarian

Egalitarian Individualism

Egalitarian solidarists

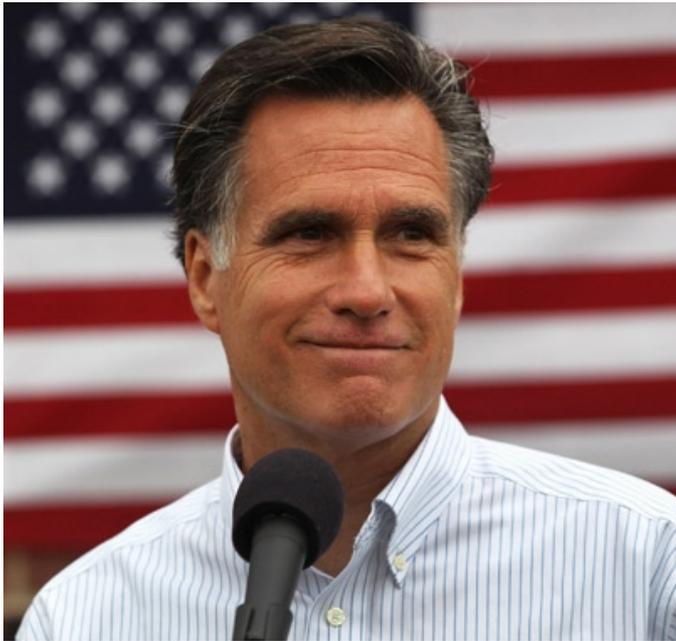
- *People in society should work together collectively for the common good*
- *There should be little difference in the amount of power of any person*

Egalitarian

Cultural Cognition Project
 Jonathan Haidt, Yale Law School
www.culturalcognition.net/



What influences public perceptions of SLR risk and policy support?

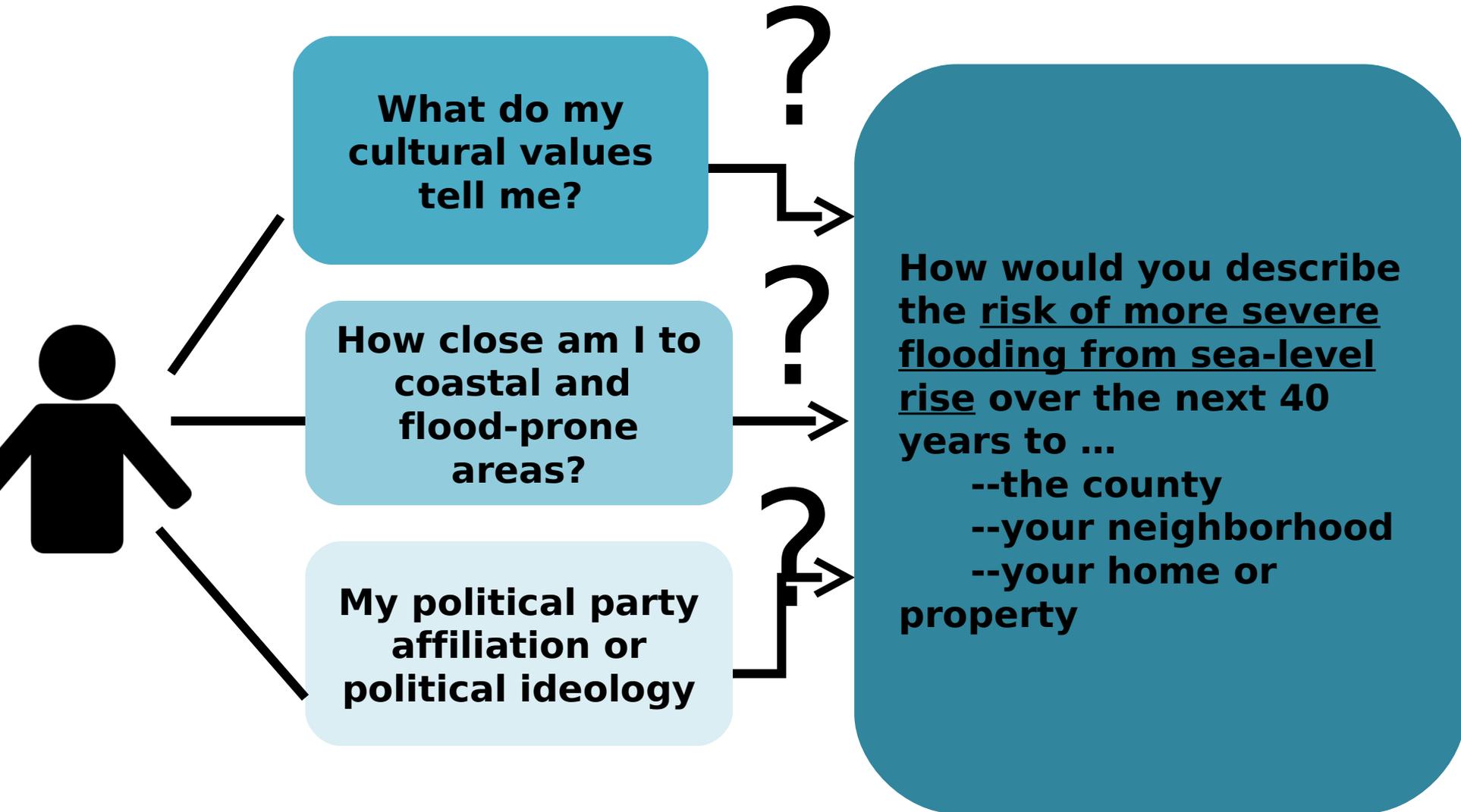


“Tribal” beliefs?



or proximity to risk?

Significant factors in relation to SLR risk perception ...



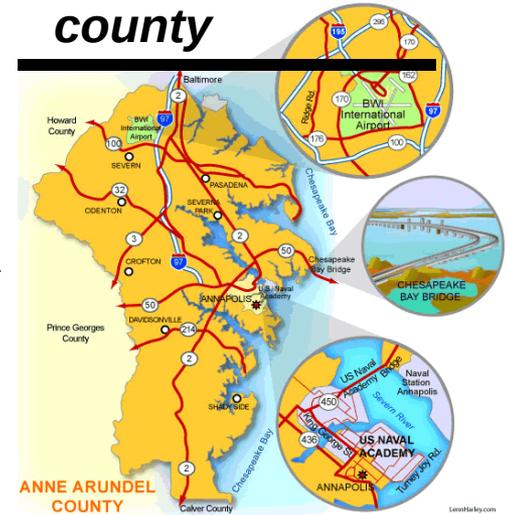
Largest decision-making factors in assessing sea-level rise risks to my ...

What do my political and cultural values tell me?

How close is my neighborhood to coastal and flood-prone areas?

How close is my house to coastal and flood-prone areas?

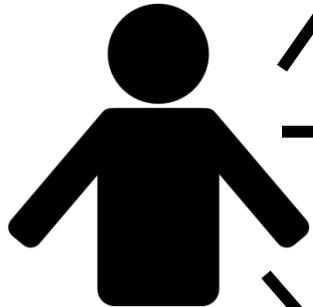
county



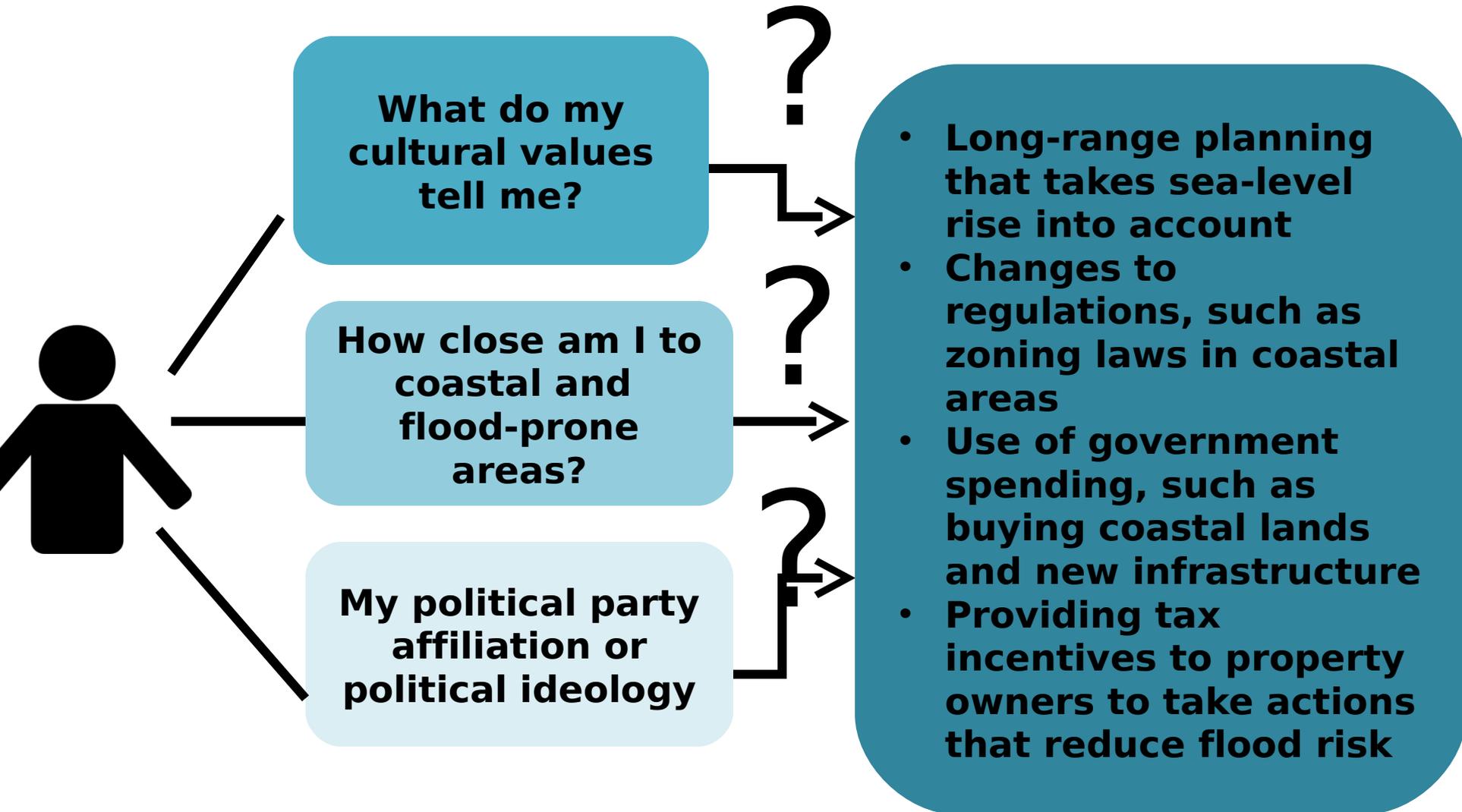
neighborhood



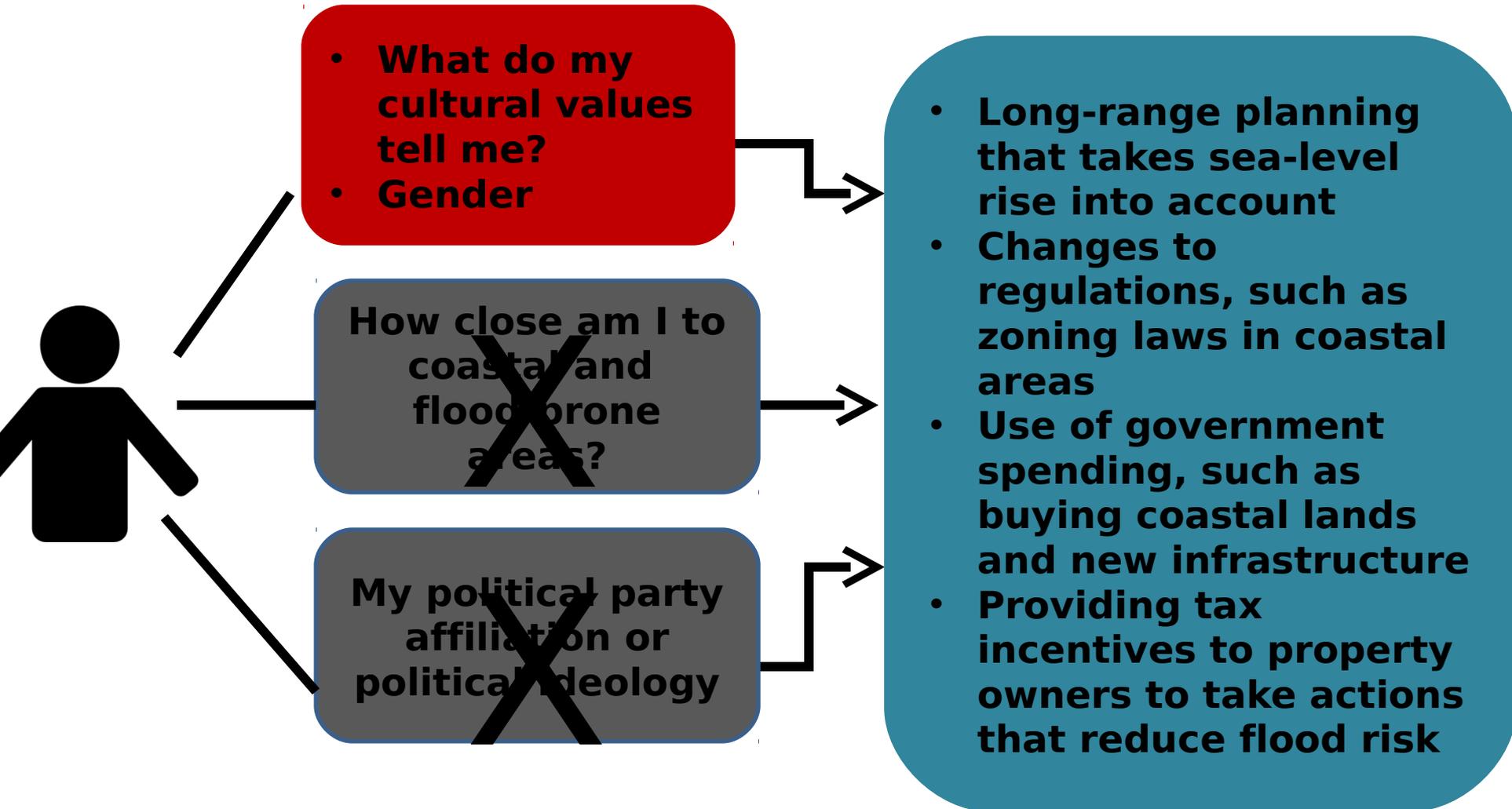
own home



Significant factors in relation to policy support ...



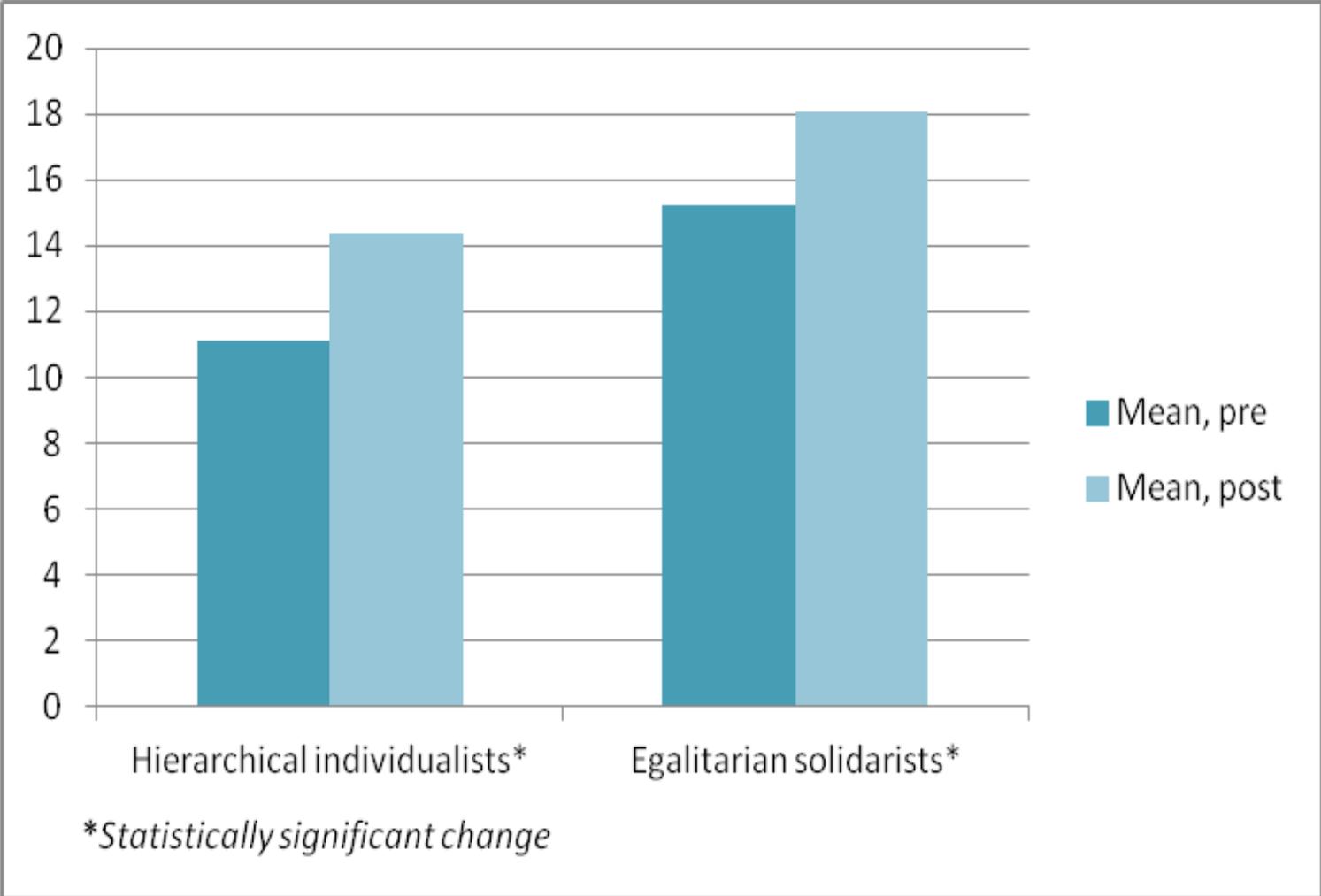
Significant factors in relation to policy support ...



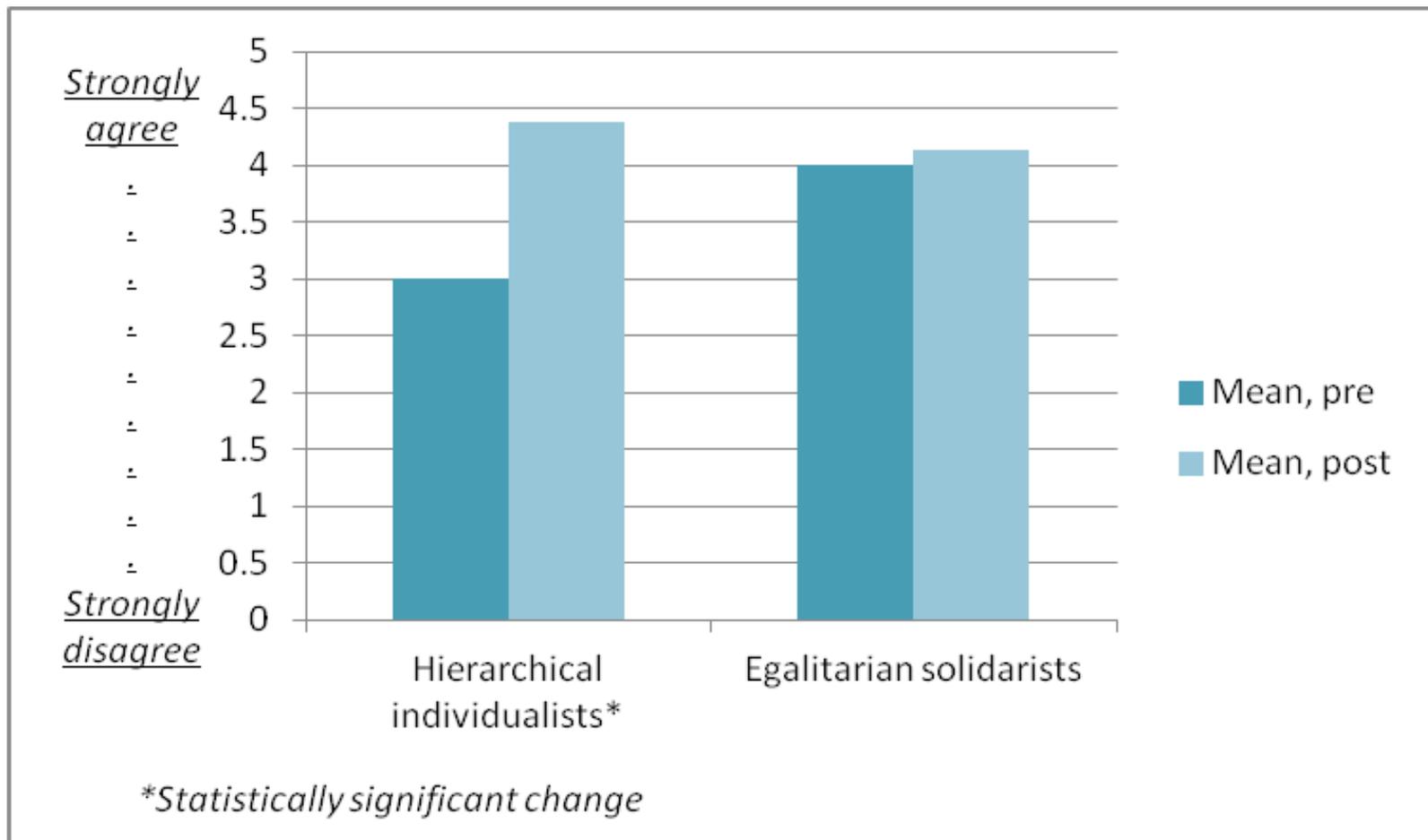


Food for Thought

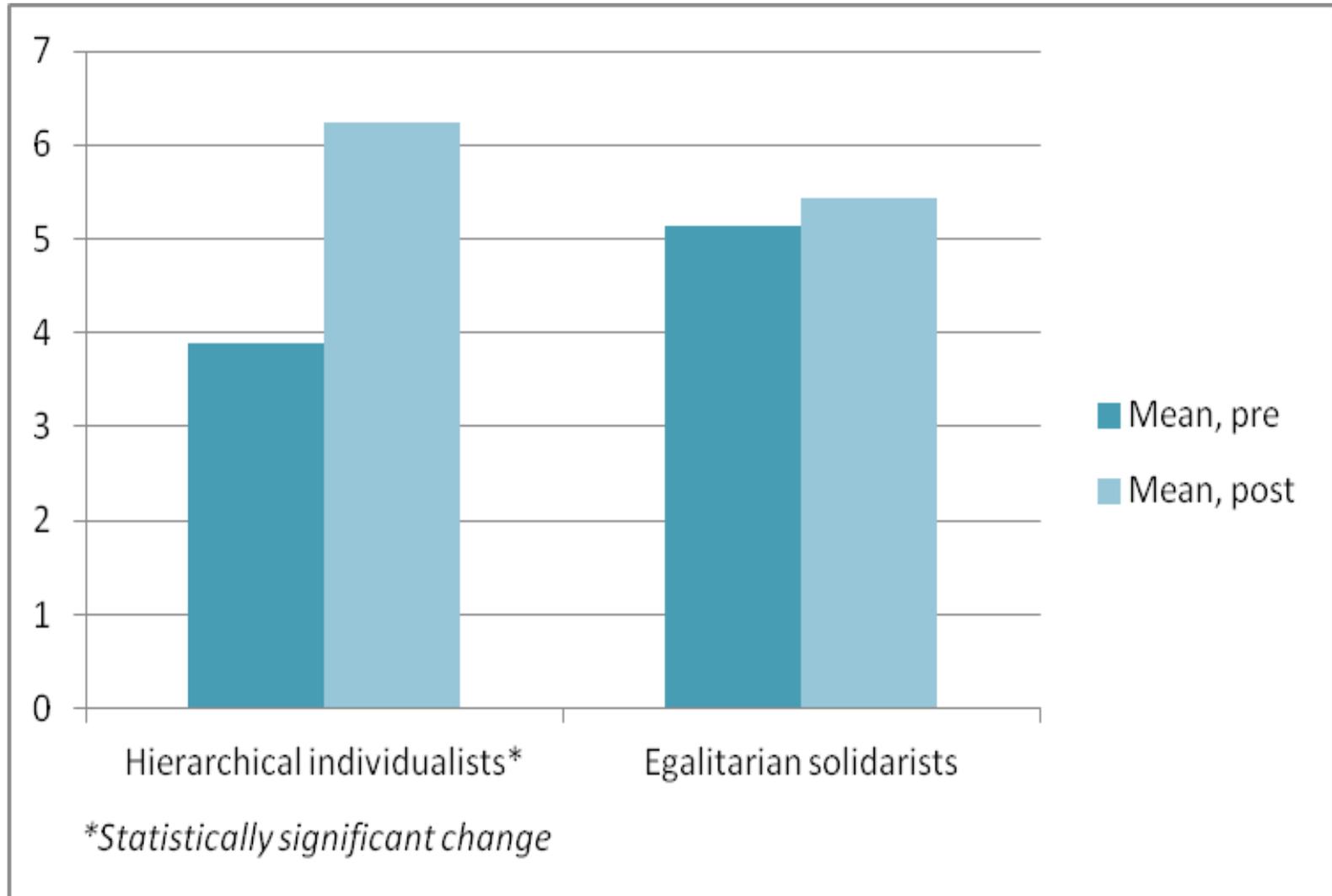
Change in means on knowledge scale. Derived from 5 measures, each with range 1 to 5, correct responses coded high. Hierarchical individualists (n=8); egalitarian solidarists (n=13).



Change in means on sea-level rise beliefs. “Sea-level rise is an issue some coastal communities have been discussing recently. Sea-level rise refers to increases in the average height of water relative to the land over the course of the year. What do you think? Do you agree or disagree that sea-level rise is occurring?” Hierarchical individualists (n=8); egalitarian solidarists (n=14).

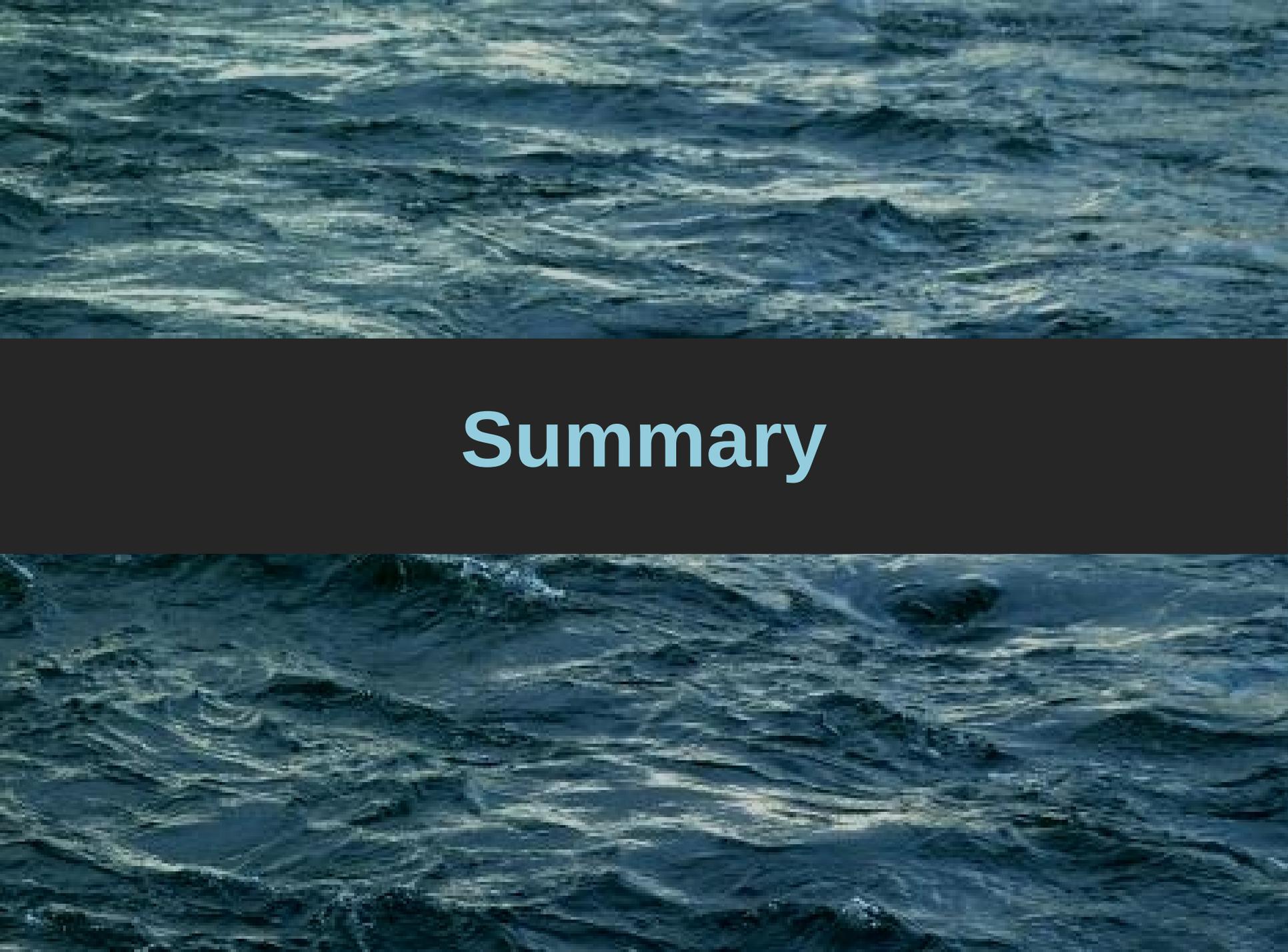


Change in means on impact concern scale. Derived from a total of 9 possible measures each coded (1,0). Hierarchical individualists (n=8); egalitarian solidarists (n=14).



Some of participants' preferences for response strategies did change

Participants became more opposed to building walls and other structural barriers to hold back waters in publicly owned natural areas (+14.1 pct pts), and more opposed to retreating inland from high-density commercial and residential areas (+17.4 pct pts).



Summary

- 1. Good news:** Most people think that coastal flooding is a problem, are concerned about SLR, and support policies to address it
- 2. Bad news:** People are uncertain about the timing of the risk, what is already being done to address it, and whether it is just natural; viewpoints toward local policies likely to be more driven by “tribes” than risk proximity
- 3. Food for thought:** Preliminary evidence suggests when bring people together in deliberative events, emphasizing community decision-making, there are coherent changes in policy preferences, and declines in the effects of “tribalism”



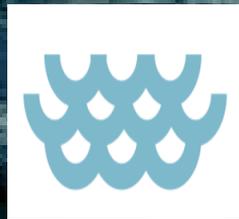
Conclusions for Policy



Findings, Lessons Learned, and Replicability of a Model for Sea-Level Rise Public Engagement January 2013

<http://www.futurecoast.info/reports>

or email kakerlof@gmu.edu



www.FutureCoast.info, coast@gmu.edu
Karen Akerlof, kakerlof@gmu.edu

Prediction of Sea-Level Rise Risk Perceptions at Different Geographic Scales

DV=SLR Risks

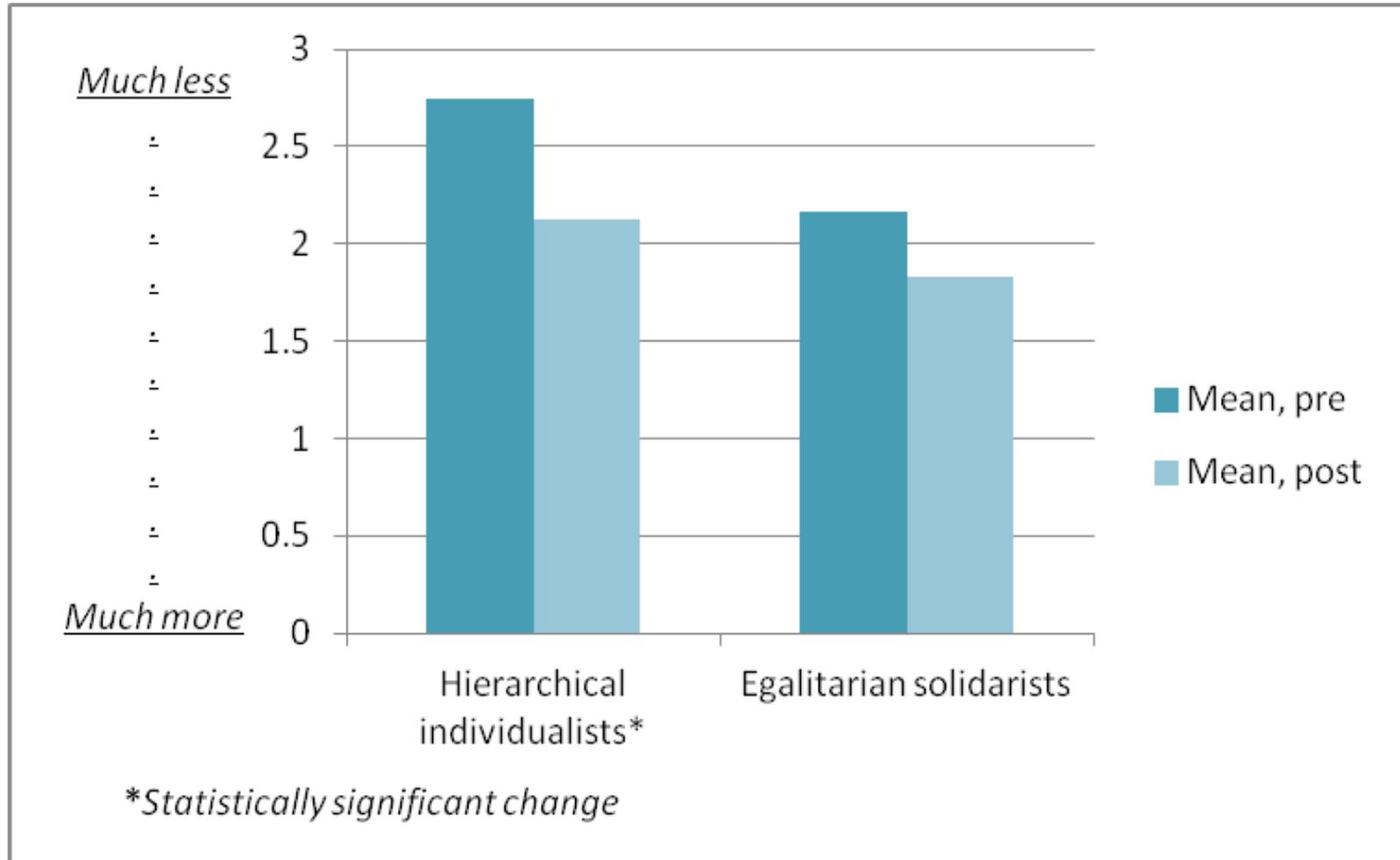
Standardized coefficients

	County	Neighborhood	Own Home or Property
Gender	.075	.052	.082
Age	.033	-.090*	-.080
Education	-.020	.002	-.023
Income	.031	-.091	-.069
White (v. Black)	.020	-.004	-.083
Non-white (v. Black)	-.032	-.044	-.086
Risk Proximity	-.035	-.382***	-.319***
Democrat (v. Othr/ Indepen)	-.062	.033	.012
Republican (v. Othr/ Indepen)	-.007	.004	-.024
Political Ideology	-.049	.061	.071
Hierarchy Scale	-.272***	-.180**	-.155**
Individualism Scale	-.228***	-.227***	-.186***
Hierarchy x Individualism	-.045	-.025	-.046
Model explains X% of individuals' risk perceptions	29%	29%	23%

Grey shaded areas= statistically significant variable, p<.05

n=345, 351, 348

Change in means on problem identification. “In your opinion, has coastal flooding become more or less of a problem in the county in recent years?”
Hierarchical individualists (n=8); egalitarian solidarists (n=12).



Change in means on local government policy adequacy.

“Would you agree or disagree that your local government’s policies are adequate for addressing coastal flooding over the long term (e.g., over a decade or more)?” Hierarchical individualists (n=8); egalitarian solidarists (n=14), $p=0.315$.

